

# **NSGold Corporation**

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated  
Interim Financial Statements  
(expressed in Canadian dollars)

**For the quarter ended  
March 31, 2015**

June 1, 2015

## **Management's Report**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of **NSGold Corporation** (the "Company") are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Board of Directors. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 – Interim Financial Reporting using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements include certain amounts and assumptions that are based on management's best estimates and have been derived with careful judgment.

In fulfilling its responsibilities, management has developed and maintains a system of internal accounting controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial records are reliable for preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors reviewed and approved the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, and recommended their approval by the Board of Directors.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have not been reviewed by the external auditors of the Company.

(signed) "*Johannes H.C. Van Hoof*"  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
Buenos Aires, Argentina

(signed) "*Glenn Holmes*"  
Chief Financial Officer  
Halifax, Nova Scotia

# NSGold Corporation

## Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	March 31, 2015 \$	December 31, 2014 \$
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash	30,754	29,272
Short-term investments	200,000	–
Prepaid expenses (note 4)	6,900	5,250
Sales tax recoverable	12,082	7,500
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	249,736	42,022
<b>Investment in NSX Silver Inc.</b>	9,379	9,379
<b>Resource properties</b> (note 5)	2,145,452	2,145,409
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2,404,567	2,196,810
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6)	66,031	108,714
Amount due to Van Hoof Industrial Holdings Ltd. (note 10)	–	294,540
Subscription received in advance (note 13)	–	36,500
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	66,031	439,754
<b>Equity</b>	2,338,536	1,757,056
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2,404,567	2,196,810
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<b>Going concern</b> (note 1)		

### Approved by the Board of Directors

(signed) "Johannes H.C. Van Hoof", Director

(signed) "Glenn Holmes", Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# NSGold Corporation

## Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of common shares	Share capital (note 9) \$	Contributed surplus (note 9) \$	Warrants (note 9) \$	Accumulated other comprehensive loss \$	Deficit \$	Total \$
<b>Balance – December 31, 2013</b>	4,355,377	4,515,281	722,827	–	(124,311)	(3,033,979)	2,079,818
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	–	–	(42,701)	(42,701)
<b>Balance – March 31, 2014</b>	4,355,377	4,515,281	722,827	–	(124,311)	(3,076,680)	2,037,117
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	–	–	(404,372)	(404,372)
Other comprehensive loss for the period	–	–	–	–	124,311	–	124,311
<b>Balance – December 31, 2014</b>	4,355,377	4,515,281	722,827	–	–	(3,481,052)	1,757,056
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	–	–	(22,825)	(22,825)
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs	3,529,411	290,814	–	–	–	–	290,814
Warrants issued	–	(197,000)	–	197,000	–	–	–
Shares issued in settlement of debt obligation	3,688,476	313,521	–	–	–	–	313,521
<b>Balance – March 31, 2015</b>	11,573,264	4,922,616	722,827	197,000	–	(3,503,907)	2,338,536

As at December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014, the accumulated other comprehensive loss comprises the net unrealized loss on the available-for-sale securities which relates to the Company's investment in its remaining shares of NSX Silver Inc. The accumulated unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities has been reclassified to the statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) during the year ended December 31, 2014.

On November 18, 2014, the Company completed a one-for-ten share consolidation. All references to the number of common shares have been adjusted retrospectively to reflect the Company's one-for-ten share consolidation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# NSGold Corporation

## Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2015 \$	2014 \$
<b>Operating expenses</b>		
Consulting fees	14,334	21,925
Professional dues	2,652	7,069
Insurance	2,250	3,900
Travel	–	571
Interest on amount due to related party	1,453	3,000
Wages and salaries	–	2,605
Other	2,166	3,631
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period</b>	(22,855)	(42,701)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Loss per share – basic and diluted</b> (note 9)	0.002	0.01
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Weighted average outstanding common shares – basic and diluted</b>	9,167,302	4,355,377
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# NSGold Corporation

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2015 \$	2014 \$
<b>Cash provided by (used for) the following</b>		
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net income (loss) for the years	(26,300)	(42,701)
Net change in working capital balances related to operations		
Decrease (increase) in sales tax	(4,582)	(1,382)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(1,650)	6,757
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(20,257)	12,780
	<u>(52,789)</u>	<u>(24,546)</u>
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Net expenditures on resource properties	(43)	(819)
Advances from NSX Silver Inc.	–	1,254
	<u>(43)</u>	<u>435</u>
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of common shares, net of issue costs	254,314	–
	<u>201,482</u>	<u>(24,111)</u>
<b>Net change in cash for the years</b>		
	<u>29,272</u>	<u>30,315</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of period</b>	<u>230,754</u>	<u>6,204</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents – End of period</b>		
	<u>30,754</u>	<u>6,204</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of:</b>		
Cash	30,754	6,204
Short-term investments	200,000	–
	<u>230,754</u>	<u>6,204</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 1 Nature of operations and going concern

#### Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going concern, which assumes the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due. As at March 31, 2015, NSGold Corporation (the “Company” or “NSGold”) had an accumulated deficit of \$3.5 million (March 31, 2014 - \$3.1 million). The Company has no income or cash flow from operations. In addition to its working capital requirements, the Company must secure sufficient funding to maintain legal title to its resource properties, to fund its exploration and development activities and to fund its general and administrative costs. Such circumstances may cast significant doubt as to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due and, accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. Management is evaluating alternatives to secure additional financing so that the Company can continue to operate as a going concern. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful or sufficient.

The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to fund its working capital and exploration requirements and eventually to generate positive cash flows, either from operations or sale of properties. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and consolidated statements of financial position classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption inappropriate, and these adjustments could be material.

#### General information

NSGold, formerly Kermode Capital Ltd. (“Kermode”), is a development stage enterprise. The Company’s principal business activity is the acquisition and exploration of resource properties. The Company has not yet determined whether its properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable.

On June 18, 2010, Kermode closed the Share Exchange Agreement with NSGold to acquire all 10,000 issued and outstanding common shares of NSGold by the issuance of 11,000,000 common shares of Kermode. Concurrently, Kermode completed an amalgamation with NSGold (NSGold was continued from the Canada Business Corporations Act to the British Columbia Business Corporations Act (“BCBCA”), following which Kermode completed a short form vertical amalgamation with NSGold under the BCBCA) and changed its name to NSGold Corporation.

The Company’s shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange with the symbol NSX.

### 2 Basis of presentation

#### a) Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Canada (“GAAP”) as set out in the CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting – Part 1 (“CPA Canada Handbook”) which incorporates International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

The Board of Directors approved the consolidated financial statements for issue on June 1, 2015.

# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 2 Basis of presentation (continued)

#### b) Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets which are recorded at fair value.

#### c) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment based on various assumptions and other factors such as historical experience and current as well as expected economic conditions. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The more significant areas requiring the use of management estimates and assumptions are discussed below:

##### *Recoverability of resource properties*

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses each of its mineral resource properties to determine whether any indication of impairment exists. Judgment is required in determining whether indicators of impairment exist, including factors such as, the period for which the Company has the right to explore, expected renewals of exploration rights, whether substantive expenditures on further exploration and evaluation of resource properties are budgeted and results of exploration and evaluation activities on the exploration and evaluation assets.

Where an indicator of impairment exists, a formal estimate of the recoverable amount is made, which is considered to be the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The impairment analysis requires the use of estimates and assumptions, such as long-term commodity prices, discount rates, future capital requirements, exploration potential and operating performance. Fair value of mineral assets is generally determined as the present value of estimated future cash flows arising from the continued use of the asset, which includes estimates such as the cost of future expansion plans and eventual disposal, using assumptions that an independent market participant may take into account. Cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the Company does not have sufficient information about a particular mineral resource property to meaningfully estimate future cash flows, the fair value is estimated by management through the use of, where available, comparison to similar market assets and, where available, industry benchmarks. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates.

##### *Impairment of investments*

The Company follows the guidance of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement" to determine when an available-for-sale equity investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgment. The Company evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost, and the financial health and short-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, and operational and financing cash flows.



# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 3 Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2014. Refer to note 3 – Significant Accounting Policies, of the Company’s annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 for information on accounting policies, as well as, new accounting standards not yet effective.

### 4 Prepaid expenses

	March 31, 2015 \$	December 31, 2014 \$
Prepaid insurance	6,900	5,250

### 5 Resource properties

	Mooseland \$	Other \$	Total \$
<b>Balance at December 31, 2013</b>	2,124,287	145,055	2,269,342
Exploration costs incurred	819	–	819
<b>Balance at March 31, 2014</b>	2,125,106	145,055	2,270,161
Exploration costs incurred	14,918	2,330	17,248
Write-downs	–	(142,000)	(142,000)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2014</b>	2,140,024	5,385	2,145,409
Exploration costs incurred	43	–	43
<b>Balance at March 31, 2015</b>	2,140,067	5,385	2,145,452

#### Mooseland and other Nova Scotia Properties

On April 14, 2010, the Company entered into a formal purchase agreement with Globex Mining Enterprises Inc. (“Globex”) to acquire a 100% interest in the advanced-stage exploration property referred to as the Mooseland Gold Property located 70 kilometres northeast of the city of Halifax, Nova Scotia and five secondary properties (“Secondary Properties”) all located in the Province of Nova Scotia.

Under the terms of the purchase agreement the Company has paid a total of \$750,000 to Globex. There are no further payments due under the purchase agreement.

Globex also holds a gross metal royalty equal to 4% of all metals produced from the Mooseland Property and the Secondary Properties. In addition, Globex has the right to receive a 5% interest in the issued and outstanding share capital of the Company at the time of production in the event that any of the Mooseland Property or the Secondary Properties, as applicable, enters into production.

The estimated fair value of the Mooseland Property of \$2.1 million was determined based on a review of comparable sales transactions for resource properties. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the

# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 5 Resource properties (continued)

Company identified various indicators of impairment of the Mooseland resource property, including a decline in exploration activity and future planned exploration, which will be dependent on securing additional financing in an improved equity market. The Company also experienced a significant decline in market capitalization, with its share price decreasing from \$0.09 per share to \$0.02 per share during the year, before returning to a level of \$0.05 per share.

The resulting impairment charge of \$1.5 million was charged to expenses in 2013. The write-down represents approximately 40% of the carrying value prior to the recorded impairment.

As at March 31, 2015 and 2014, if it were determined that the estimated fair value of the property should have been 20% higher or lower than the carrying value, this would result in an increase or decrease of the impairment charge or recovery by approximately \$428,000 (2014 - \$425,000). The manner and amount of the ultimate realization of the Mooseland property remains subject to significant uncertainty.

In 2014, the Company wrote off the Indian Path, Nova Scotia Property and Leipsigate, Nova Scotia properties resulting in a write-down expense of \$127,000 being recorded. In 2014, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$15,000 for the Cheticamp, Nova Scotia Property as a result of reducing the number of mineral claims. The impairment charge was recorded to expenses during the year ended December 31, 2014.

### 6 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	\$	\$
Accounts payable	40,531	83,214
Accrued liabilities	25,500	25,500
	<u>66,031</u>	<u>108,714</u>

# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 7 Compensation of key management

Key management includes NSGold's Directors, the President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. Compensation awarded to key management is summarized as follows:

	Quarter ended March 31, 2015 \$	Year ended December 31, 2014 \$
Cash compensation and other benefits	12,000	56,000

Cash compensation and other benefits are included in consulting fees in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

As of March 31, 2015, \$3,750 (2014 - \$8,050) was due to these individuals.

### 8 Income taxes

#### a) Reconciliation of total tax recovery (expense)

	December 31, 2014 \$	December 31, 2013 \$
Income (loss) before income taxes	(447,073)	(1,937,021)
Income tax rate	31%	31%
Expected income tax recovery (expense)	139,000	600,000
Non-deductible stock-based compensation	-	(17,000)
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities	(41,000)	(29,000)
Unutilized foreign losses	-	(20,000)
Unrealized deferred tax assets	(98,000)	(311,000)
Income tax recovery (expense)	-	223,000

# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 8 Income taxes (continued)

#### b) Deferred tax

Components of the net deferred income tax asset (liability) are as follows:

	December 31, 2014 \$	December 31, 2013 \$
Deferred income tax assets		
Non-capital losses carried forward	803,000	680,000
Deductible share issue costs	22,000	66,000
Deferred income tax liability		
Resource properties	(418,000)	(435,000)
Net deferred tax asset (liability)	<u>407,000</u>	<u>311,000</u>

The net deferred tax assets at December 31, 2014, has not been recognized as it is not probable that the net deferred tax asset will be realized.

#### c) Losses

The Company has Canadian non-capital tax losses of approximately \$2,597,000 available for carry-forward to reduce future years' taxable income. These non-capital tax losses expire as follows:

	\$
For the year ending December 31, 2027	76,000
2028	29,000
2029	259,000
2030	1,009,000
2031	272,000
2032	146,000
2033	408,000
2034	398,000

# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 9 Share capital

#### a) Authorized capital stock

Unlimited number of common shares, without nominal or par value

Unlimited number of preferred shares, without nominal or par value, issuable in one or more series

	Number of shares	Amount \$
<b>Common shares issued and fully paid</b>		
<b>Balance – December 31, 2013, March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2014</b>	4,355,377	4,515,281
Issued for cash, net of share issue costs	3,529,411	290,814
Warrants issued with private placement financing	–	(197,000)
Issued in settlement of debt obligation	3,688,476	313,521
<b>Balance – March 31, 2015</b>	<b>11,573,264</b>	<b>4,922,616</b>

#### b) Private placement

On February 2, 2015, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement and issued 3,529,411 shares at a price of \$0.085 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$300,000. Each share is accompanied by one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles its holder to acquire one additional common share of NSGold for three years at a price of \$0.125. Officers and directors of the company subscribed for an aggregate of 1,420,117 shares.

#### c) Warrants and other

The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's warrants:

	Expiry date	Exercise price \$	Number	Ascribed value \$
<b>Balance – December 31, 2013, March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2014</b>			–	–
Issued pursuant to private placement financing	Jan. 30, 2018	0.125	3,529,411	197,000
<b>Balance – March 31, 2015</b>			<b>3,529,411</b>	<b>197,000</b>

The fair value of warrants recognized has been estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted average assumptions used in the pricing model for warrants issued are as follows:

Risk-free interest rate	1.4%
Expected volatility	160%
Expected dividend yield	\$nil
Expected life	1.5 years

# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 9 Share capital (continued)

#### d) Options

The Company has adopted a stock option plan for directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company, providing the Board of Directors with the discretion to issue options to purchase up to 400,000 common shares. The exercise price of the stock options is determined by the Board of Directors when the options are granted, but cannot be less than the closing price of the Company's shares on the TSX Venture Exchange on the business day immediately preceding the day on which the option is granted. The maximum exercise period of the stock options is ten years.

The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's stock options:

	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of options	Weighted average remaining life (years)	Expiry date
<b>Balance December 31, 2010</b>	2.5	28,000	1.75	August 17, 2015
Granted during the year	5.0	39,500	2.25	March 23, 2016
Granted during the year	6.0	5,000	2.50	May 9, 2016
Granted during the year	5.0	<u>8,500</u>	2.50	June 21, 2016
<b>Balance December 31, 2011</b>	4.2	81,000	2.20	
Granted during the year	1.4	89,500	2.25	April 17, 2017
Exercised during the year	2.5	<u>(14,000)</u>		
<b>Balance – December 31, 2012</b>	2.7	156,500	2.75	
Granted during the year	1.0	<u>128,000</u>	8.50	June 23, 2023
<b>Balance – March 31, 2014</b>	2.0	<u>284,500</u>	6.00	
<b>Balance – March 31, 2015</b>	2.0	<u>284,500</u>	5.00	

As at March 31, 2015, all options are vested and exercisable.

The estimated fair value of options has been estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected volatility. Changes in the assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options. The resulting weighted average fair value at the date of grant is \$5.00 for the period ended March 31, 2015. The weighted average assumptions used in the pricing model for options issued during the year ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

Risk-free interest rate	1.4%
Expected volatility	160%
Expected dividend yield	\$nil
Expected life	5 years

# NSGold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 9 Share capital (continued)

#### e) Contributed surplus

	March 31, 2015 \$	December 31, 2014 \$
Balance – End of period	722,827	722,827

#### f) Share consolidation

On November 19, 2014, the Company completed a one-for-ten share consolidation. All references to capital stock, warrants, options and per share data have been adjusted retrospectively to reflect the Company's one-for-ten share consolidation.

### 10 Related party transactions

#### Loan facility

The Company obtained a loan facility of up to \$500,000 from VHIH, a company controlled by Mr. Hans Van Hoof, Chairman of the Company. The loan facility was made available without any fees, options or warrants. The interest rate on the loan is 6% per annum and is repayable in full on January 30, 2015. As security for the repayment of the loan facility, the Company has granted a security interest over its 187,580 common shares of NSX Silver.

As at December 31, 2014 VHIH had advanced \$294,540 to the Company. No advances were made during the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

On January 30, 2015, loan principal and interest aggregating \$313,521 was settled with the issuance of 3,688,476 NSGold common shares to VHIH at a deemed price of \$0.085, the same price as the issue price for the private placement. NSGold did not issue any warrants to VHIH in connection with the settlement of the loan. Accrued interest of \$1,453 was included in accounts payable at March 31, 2015.

#### Other

During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company incurred legal fees aggregating \$8,315 (March 31, 2014 - \$nil) from a law firm of which one of the officers is a partner. These costs were recorded to share issue costs.

### 11 Supplemental cash flow information

During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company incurred expenditures on resource properties of \$nil (March 31, 2014 - \$12,000) which were recorded as accounts payable. These items are non-cash transactions and have been excluded from the statements of cash flows.

# **NSGold Corporation**

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

**For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014**

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### **12 Financial instruments**

#### **Credit risk**

The Company manages credit risk by holding the majority of its cash with high quality financial institutions in Canada, where management believes the risk of loss to be low.

#### **Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. The Company does not have sufficient working capital to carry out all budgeted programs in 2015 and must raise finance during 2015 to avoid disruption in planned expenditures (see note 1).

#### **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates and commodity and equity prices.

a) **Interest rate risk**

The Company has no significant exposure to interest rate risk on its lending and borrowing activities. The Company had no outstanding debt as at March 31, 2015 (see note 10).

b) **Price risk**

The Company is not exposed to any direct price risk other than that associated with commodities and how fluctuations impact companies in the mineral exploration and mining industries as the Company has no significant revenues.



