NSGold Corporation

Interim Unaudited Condensed
Financial Statements
(expressed in Canadian dollars)

September 30, 2016

November 29, 2016

Management's Report

The accompanying interim unaudited condensed financial statements of **NSGold Corporation** (the "Company") are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Board of Directors. The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The financial statements include certain amounts and assumptions that are based on management's best estimates and have been derived with careful judgment.

In fulfilling its responsibilities, management has developed and maintains a system of internal accounting controls. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial records are reliable for preparation of the financial statements. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors reviewed and approved the Company's financial statements, and recommended their approval by the Board of Directors.

These financial statements have not been reviewed by the external auditors of the Company.

(signed) "*Johannes H.C. Van Hoof*"
President and Chief Executive Officer
Halifax, Nova Scotia

(signed) *"Glenn Holmes"*
Chief Financial Officer
Halifax, Nova Scotia

NSGold Corporation

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	September 30, 2016 $	December 31, 2015 $
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	42,474	101,433
Sales tax	6,813	21,979
Prepaid expenses	3,179	5,250
	52,466	128,662
Investment in NSX Silver Inc.	9,379	9,379
Resource properties (note 4)	2,175,936	2,161,797
	2,237,781	2,299,838
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)	43,234	37,135
Equity (note 6)	2,194,547	2,262,703
	2,237,781	2,299,838

Going concern (note 1)

Approved by the Board of Directors

(signed) *"Johannes H.C. Van Hoof",* Director

(signed) *"Glenn Holmes",* Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

NSGold Corporation

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of common shares	Share capital (note 9) $	Contributed surplus (note 9) $	Deficit $	Total $
Balance – December 31, 2014	4,355,377	4,515,281	722,827	(3,481,052)	1,757,056
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	(83,683)	(58,618)
Shares issued for cash, net of issue costs	3,529,411	290,814	–	–	290,814
Shares issued in settlement of debt obligation	3,688,476	313,521	–	–	313,521
Stock-based compensation	–	–	7,000		7,000
Balance – September 30, 2015	11,573,264	5,119,616	729,827	(3,564,735)	2,284,708
Balance – December 31, 2015	11,573,264	5,119,616	732,827	(3,589,740)	2,262,703
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	(68,156)	(68,156)
Balance – September 30, 2016	11,573,264	5,119,616	732,827	(3,657,896)	2,194,547

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

NSGold Corporation

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

For the periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended Sept 30, 2016 $	Three months ended Sept 30, 2015 $	Nine months ended Sept 30, 2016 $	Nine months ended Sept 30, 2015 $
Operating expenses				
Consulting fees	12,888	13,348	38,638	41,828
Dues and fees	6,020	4,922	10,269	9,541
Insurance	2,250	2,250	6,750	6,750
Professional fees	225	–	3,252	4,491
Shareholder communication	736	3,799	3,762	8,806
Stock-based compensation	–	–	–	7,000
Interest on amount due to related party	–	–	–	1,453
Other	2,183	746	6,298	3,814
	(24,301)	(25,065)	(68,969)	(83,683)
Other income				
Interest income	80	–	813	–
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(24,221)	(25,065)	(68,156)	(83,683)
Net loss per share – basic and diluted	($0.002)	($0.002)	($0.006)	($0.008)
Weighted average outstanding common shares – basic and diluted	11,573,264	11,573,264	11,573,264	10,780,090

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

NSGold Corporation

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Sept 30, 2016 $	Sept 30, 2015 $
Cash provided by (used for) the following		
Operating activities		
Net income (loss) for the periods	(68,156)	(83,683)
Charges to income not affecting cash		
Stock-based compensation	–	7,000
	(68,156)	(76,683)
Net change in working capital balances related to operations		
Decrease (increase) in sales tax	15,166	(12,061)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	2,071	3,950
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,660	(52,555)
	(45,259)	(137,349)
Investing activities		
Net expenditures on resource properties	(13,700)	(13,978)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of common shares, net of issue costs	–	254,314
Net change in cash for the periods	(58,959)	102,987
Cash – Beginning of periods	101,433	29,272
Cash – End of periods	42,474	132,259
Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of:		
Cash	12,394	7,259
Short-term investments	30,080	125,000
	42,474	132,259

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited interim condensed financial statements.

1 Nature of operations and going concern

Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to a going concern, which assumes the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due. As at September 30, 2016, NSGold Corporation (the "Company" or "NSGold") had an accumulated deficit of $$3.7 million. The Company has no income or cash flow from operations. In addition to its working capital requirements, the Company must secure sufficient funding to maintain legal title to its resource properties, to fund its exploration and development activities and to fund its general and administrative costs. Such circumstances may cast significant doubt as to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due and, accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. Management is evaluating alternatives to secure additional financing so that the Company can continue to operate as a going concern. Nevertheless, there is no assurance that these initiatives will be successful or sufficient.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to fund its working capital and exploration requirements and eventually to generate positive cash flows, either from operations or sale of properties. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and consolidated statements of financial position classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption inappropriate, and these adjustments could be material.

General information

NSGold, formerly Kermode Capital Ltd. ("Kermode"), is a development stage enterprise. The Company's principal business activity is the acquisition and exploration of resource properties. The Company has not yet determined whether its properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable.

On June 18, 2010, Kermode closed the Share Exchange Agreement with NSGold to acquire all 10,000 issued and outstanding common shares of NSGold by the issuance of 11,000,000 common shares of Kermode. Concurrently, Kermode completed an amalgamation with NSGold (NSGold was continued from the Canada Business Corporations Act to the British Columbia Business Corporations Act ("BCBCA"), following which Kermode completed a short form vertical amalgamation with NSGold under the BCBCA) and changed its name to NSGold Corporation.

The Company's shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange with the symbol NSX.

2 Basis of presentation

a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of financial statements as set out in the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook – Accounting – Part 1 ("CPA Canada Handbook").

2 Basis of presentation (continued)

a) Statement of compliance (continued)

These financial statements are in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Accordingly, certain information normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the IASB, have been omitted or condensed. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements have been set out in note 2 of the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

These financial statements include all adjustments, composed of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary by management to fairly state the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the full year.

The Board of Directors approved the consolidated financial statements for issue on November 29, 2016.

b) Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets which are recorded at fair value.

c) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgment based on various assumptions and other factors such as historical experience and current as well as expected economic conditions. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The more significant areas requiring the use of management estimates and assumptions are discussed below:

Recoverability of resource properties

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses each of its mineral resource properties to determine whether any indication of impairment exists. Judgment is required in determining whether indicators of impairment exist, including factors such as, the period for which the Company has the right to explore, expected renewals of exploration rights, whether substantive expenditures on further exploration and evaluation of resource properties are budgeted and results of exploration and evaluation activities on the exploration and evaluation assets.

Where an indicator of impairment exists, a formal estimate of the recoverable amount is made, which is considered to be the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The impairment analysis requires the use of estimates and assumptions, such as long-term commodity prices, discount rates, future

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

2 Basis of presentation (continued)

c) Use of estimates and judgments (continued)

capital requirements, exploration potential and operating performance. Fair value of mineral assets is generally determined as the present value of estimated future cash flows arising from the continued use of the asset, which includes estimates such as the cost of future expansion plans and eventual disposal, using assumptions that an independent market participant may take into account. Cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the Company does not have sufficient information about a particular mineral resource property to meaningfully estimate future cash flows, the fair value is estimated by management through the use of, where available, comparison to similar market assets and, where available, industry benchmarks. Actual results may differ materially from these estimates.

Impairment of investments

The Company follows the guidance of International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 39 "Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement" to determine when an available-for-sale equity investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgment. The Company evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost, and the financial health and short-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, and operational and financing cash flows.

3 Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2015. Refer to note 3 – Significant Accounting Policies, of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 for information on accounting policies, as well as, new accounting standards not yet effective.

4 Resource properties

	Mooseland $	Other $	Total $
Balance - December 31, 2014	2,140,024	5,385	2,145,409
Exploration costs incurred	15,128	1,260	16,388
Balance - December 31, 2015	2,155,152	6,645	2,161,797
Exploration costs incurred	13,239	–	13,239
Balance - September 30, 2016	2,168,391	6,645	2,175,036

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

4 Resource properties (continued)

Mooseland and other Nova Scotia Properties

On April 14, 2010, the Company entered into a formal purchase agreement with Globex Mining Enterprises Inc. ("Globex") to acquire a 100% interest in the advanced-stage exploration property referred to as the Mooseland Gold Property ("Mooseland Property") located 70 kilometres northeast of the city of Halifax, Nova Scotia and five secondary properties ("Secondary Properties") all located in the Province of Nova Scotia.

Under the terms of the purchase agreement the Company paid a total of $750,000 to Globex. There are no further payments due under the purchase agreement.

Globex also holds a gross metal royalty equal to 4% of all metals produced from the Mooseland Property and the Secondary Properties. In addition, Globex has the right to receive a 5% interest in the issued and outstanding share capital of the Company at the time of production in the event that any of the Mooseland Property or the Secondary Properties, as applicable, enters into production.

As at June 30, 2016, if it were determined that the estimated fair value of the property should have been 20% higher or lower than the carrying value, this would result in an increase or decrease of the impairment charge or recovery by approximately $435,000 (December 31, 2015 - $431,000). The manner and amount of the ultimate realization of the Mooseland Property remains subject to significant uncertainty.

5 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	September 30, 2016 $	December 31, 2015 $
Accounts payable	29,089	18,635
Accrued liabilities	14,145	18,500
	43,234	37,135

6 Share capital

a) Authorized capital stock

Unlimited number of common shares, without nominal or par value
Unlimited number of preferred shares, without nominal or par value, issuable in one or more series

Common shares issued and fully paid	**Number of shares**	**Amount $**
Balance – December 31, 2014	4,355,377	4,515,281
Issued for cash, net of share issue costs	3,529,411	290,814
Issued in settlement of debt obligation	3,688,476	313,521
Balance – December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2016	11,573,264	5,119,616

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

6 Share capital (continued)

b) Private placement

On January 30, 2015, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement and issued 3,529,411 shares at a price of $0.085 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of $300,000. Each share is accompanied by one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles its holder to acquire one additional common share of NSGold for three years at a price of $0.125. Officers and directors of the Company subscribed for an aggregate of 1,420,117 shares for aggregate proceeds of $120,710. The capital stock value of the common shares issued as at June 30, 2015 is net of share issue costs of $9,186.

c) Issuance of shares for debt

On January 30, 2015, the Company settled loan principal and interest aggregating $313,521 owed to Van Hoof Industrial Holdings Ltd ("VHIH") with the issuance of 3,688,476 NSGold common shares to VHIH at a price of $0.085.

d) Warrants and other

The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's warrants:

	Expiry date	Exercise price $	Number	Ascribed value $
Balance – December 31, 2014			–	–
Issued pursuant to private placement financing	Jan. 30, 2018	0.125	3,529,411	–
Balance – December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2016			3,529,411	–

The fair value of warrants recognized has been estimated at the issue date using the residual method of valuation. Given the market price of the Company's common shares on the date of closing of the private placement was in excess of the $0.085 unit price, the residual value assigned to the warrants is $nil.

e) Options

The Company has adopted a stock option plan for directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company, providing the Board of Directors with the discretion to issue options to purchase up to 400,000 common shares. The exercise price of the stock options is determined by the Board of Directors when the options are granted, but cannot be less than the closing price of the Company's shares on the TSX Venture Exchange on the business day immediately preceding the day on which the option is granted. The maximum exercise period of the stock options is ten years.

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

6 Share capital (continued)

e) Options (continued)

The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's stock options:

	Weighted average exercise price $	Number of options	Weighted average remaining life (years)	Expiry date
Balance – December 31, 2014	2.00	284,500		
Cancelled or expired during the year		(284,500)		
Granted during the year	0.085	97,500	8.7	May 28, 2025
Granted during the year	0.075	110,000	9.2	Dec 4, 2025
Balance – December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2016	0.08	207,500	8.9	

As at September 30, 2016, all options are vested and exercisable.

The estimated fair value of options has been estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected volatility. Changes in the assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options. The resulting weighted average fair value at the date of grant is $0.05 for the stock options. The weighted average assumptions used in the pricing model for options issued during the year ended December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Risk-free interest rate	1.4%
Expected volatility	100%
Expected dividend yield	$nil
Expected life	5 years

f) Contributed surplus

	$
Balance – December 31, 2014	722,827
Stock-based compensation	10,000
Balance – December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2016	732,827

7 Related party transactions

Loan facility

The Company obtained a loan facility of up to $500,000 from VHIH, a company controlled by Mr. Hans Van Hoof, Chairman of the Company. The loan facility was made available without any fees, options or warrants. The interest rate on the loan is 6% per annum and was repayable in full on January 30, 2015. As security for the repayment of the loan facility, the Company granted a security interest over its 187,581 common shares of NSX Silver.

On January 30, 2015, loan principal and interest aggregating $313,521 was settled with the issuance of 3,688,476 NSGold common shares to VHIH at a deemed price of $0.085, the same price as the issue price for the private placement. NSGold did not issue any warrants to VHIH in connection with the settlement of the loan. This was a non-cash transaction and was excluded from the statement of cash flows. Accrued interest of $2,986 was included in accounts payable at September 30, 2016.

Other

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2016, the Company incurred legal fees aggregating $316 (nine month period ended September 30, 2015 - $8,801) from a law firm of which one of the officers is a partner and recorded $316 (nine month period ended September 30, 2015 - $556) to professional fees and $nil (nine month period ended September 30, 2015 – $8,245) to share issue costs.

8 Supplemental cash flow information

During the nine month period ended September 30, 2016, the Company incurred expenditures on resource properties of $439 (2015 - $nil) which were recorded as accounts payable.

9 Financial instruments

Credit risk

The Company manages credit risk by holding the majority of its cash with high quality financial institutions in Canada, where management believes the risk of loss to be low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. The Company does not have sufficient working capital to carry out all budgeted programs in 2016 and must raise finance during 2016 to avoid disruption in planned expenditures (see note 1).

9 Financial instruments (continued)

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates and commodity and equity prices.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company has no significant exposure to interest rate risk on its lending and borrowing activities.

b) Price risk

The Company is not exposed to any direct price risk other than that associated with commodities and how fluctuations impact companies in the mineral exploration and mining industries as the Company has no significant revenues.

10 Subsequent event

On November 8, 2016 the Company announced a non-brokered private placement financing to raise up to $150,000 by the sale of units of the Company at a price of $0.10 per unit. Each unit comprises one common share of the Company and one-half common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company for $0.15 for a period of 18 months from the closing date. The common shares and warrants are subject to a four-month hold period.

NSGold's largest shareholder, VHIH, has confirmed that it will participate in the private placement financing. VHIH is owned by Hans van Hoof, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of NSGold. VHIH owns 54.1% of the issued shares of NSGold on an undiluted basis. NSGold has received subscription commitments for $100,000 from VHIH and other accredited investors.

The proceeds from the private placement will be used for exploration at NSGold's resource properties in Nova Scotia and for general working capital purposes. The private placement is subject to TSX Venture Exchange and other required regulatory approval.